Name\_\_\_\_\_

Determine if the function is a solution of the differential equation.

1) 
$$x\frac{dy}{dx} - y = 0; y = Cx$$

2) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{x}{y} = 0; \ y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

Find the particular solution that satisfies the given condition.

3)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - 6$ ; curve passes through (2, 5)

4) 
$$\frac{du}{dt} = u^3(t - 2t^3); \ u = 3 \text{ at } x = 0$$

Solve the differential equation. 5) y' + 2xy = 17x

Solve the differential equation subject to the initial conditions.

6) 
$$t\frac{dy}{dt} + 7y = t^3$$
;  $t > 0$ ,  $y = 1$  when  $t = 2$ 

Solve the differential equation.

7) 
$$2x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 5x^4$$

Solve the differential equation subject to the initial conditions.

8) 
$$2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 4xy = 8x; y = 18$$
 when  $x = 0$ 

9) 
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \cos x; \ x > 0; \ x = \pi \text{ when } y = 1$$

## Solve the problem.

10) First find a general solution of the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3y^2$ . Then find a particular solution that satisfies the initial condition  $y(3) = -\frac{1}{9}$ .

11) A tank contains 2000 L of a solution consisting of 50 kg of salt dissolved in water. Pure water is pumped into the tank at the rate of 10L/s, and the mixture (kept uniform by stirring) is pumped out at the same rate. How long will it be until only 5 kg of salt remain in the tank?

Solve the initial value problem.

12) 
$$2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 4xy = 8x; y(0) = 7$$

## Solve the differential equation. 13) $5v' = e^{X/5} + v$

13) 5y = 
$$e^{x/5} + y$$

14) 
$$\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \sin x = \sin x \cos x$$

$$15)\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} - \frac{y}{x} = (\ln x)^5$$

## Solve the problem.

16) dy/dt = ky + f(t) is a population model where y is the population at time t and f(t) is some function to describe the net effect on the population. Assume k = .02 and y = 10,000 when t = 0. Solve the differential equation of y when f(t) = 8t.

17) dy/dt = ky + f(t) is a population model where y is the population at time t and f(t) is some function to describe the net effect on the population. Assume k = .02 and y = 10,000 when t = 0. Solve the differential equation of y when f(t) = -6t.

## Answer Key Testname: MATH3B\_HWCH9

- 1) Yes
- Objective: (4.9) Verify Solution to Differential Equation 2) No

Objective: (4.9) Verify Solution to Differential Equation

3) 
$$y = \frac{x^2}{2} - 6x + 15$$

Objective: (4.9) Solve Initial Value Problem

4) u = 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{t^4 - t^2 + \frac{1}{9}}}$$

Objective: (4.9) Solve Initial Value Problem

5) 
$$y = \frac{17}{2} + Ce^{-x^2}$$

Objective: (7.7) Solve First-Order Linear Differential Equation I

6) 
$$y = \frac{t^3}{10} + \frac{128}{5}t^{-7}, t > 0$$

Objective: (7.7) Find Indicated Particular Solution

7) 
$$y = \frac{5}{9}x^4 + \frac{c}{\sqrt{x}}$$

Objective: (7.7) Solve First-Order Linear Differential Equation I

8)  $y = -2 + 20e^{x^2}$ 

Objective: (7.7) Find Indicated Particular Solution

9) 
$$y = \frac{\sin x + \pi}{x}, x > 0$$

Objective: (7.7) Find Indicated Particular Solution

10) 
$$y(x) = -\frac{1}{3(x+C)}$$
;  $y(x) = -\frac{1}{3x}$ 

Objective: (Chapter9) Simple Equations and Models

- 11) approximately 518 seconds Objective: (Chapter9) Linear Equations and Applications
- 12)  $y = -2 + 9e^{x^2}$

Objective: (7.8) Solve Warm-Up Initial Value Problems

13) y = 
$$\frac{xe^{x/5} + Ce^{x/5}}{5}$$

Objective: (7.8) Solve Linear First-Order Differential Equation

14)  $y = \cos x \ln | \sec x | + C \cos x$ Objective: (7.8) Solve Linear First-Order Differential Equation Answer Key Testname: MATH3B\_HWCH9

15) 
$$y = \frac{1}{6} x (\ln x)^{6} + Cx$$

Objective: (7.8) Solve Linear First-Order Differential Equation

- 16)  $y = -400t 20,000 + 30,000e \cdot 02t$ Objective: (7.8) Solve Apps: First-Order Differential Equations
- 17)  $y = 300t + 15,000 5000e \cdot 02t$ Objective: (7.8) Solve Apps: First-Order Differential Equations