

3.4 Find $D_x y$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y = 2\sin x + 3\cos x$$

$$D_x y = 2\cos x + 3 \cdot (-\sin x)$$

$$D_x y = 2\cos x - 3\sin x$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y = \sin^2 x$$

$$= \underbrace{\sin x}_f \cdot \underbrace{\sin x}_g$$

$$f = \sin x$$

$$f' = \cos x$$

$$g = \sin x$$

$$g' = \cos x$$

$$y' = f' \cdot g + f \cdot g'$$

$$= (\cos x)(\sin x) + (\sin x)(\cos x)$$

$$y' = 2\sin x \cos x$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad y = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$y' = 0 - [\cos x \cdot \cos x]'$$

$$= -[-2\sin x \cos x]$$

$$y' = 2\sin x \cos x$$

$$\frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x}{f \cdot g}$$

$$f = \cos x$$

$$g = \cos x$$

$$f' = -\sin x$$

$$g' = -\sin x$$

$$[\cos x \cdot \cos x]' = f' \cdot g + f \cdot g'$$

$$= (-\sin x)(\cos x) + (\cos x)(-\sin x)$$

$$= -2\sin x \cos x$$

Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions

$$\textcircled{6} \quad y = \csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{f}{g} \quad \begin{array}{l} f=1 \\ f'=0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} g=\sin x \\ g'=\cos x \end{array}$$

$$\left[\frac{f}{g} \right]' = \frac{f' \cdot g - f \cdot g'}{g^2}$$

$$= \frac{0 \cdot \sin x - 1 \cdot \cos x}{(\sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{-\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$= \boxed{-\csc x \cdot \cot x}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad y = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\tan x} = \frac{f}{g} \quad \begin{array}{l} f = \sin x + \cos x \\ f' = \cos x - \sin x \\ g = \tan x \\ g' = \sec^2 x \end{array}$$

$$\left[\frac{f}{g} \right]' = \frac{f' \cdot g - f \cdot g'}{g^2}$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x) \tan x - (\sin x + \cos x) \cdot \sec^2 x}{\tan^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \tan x - \sin x \cdot \tan x - \sin x \cdot \sec^2 x - \cos x \cdot \sec^2 x}{\tan^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \tan x - \sin x \tan x - \sin x \cdot \sec^2 x - \cos x \sec^2 x}{\tan^2 x}$$

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3.4 Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions

(10) continued $y = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\tan x} = \frac{f}{g}$

$$\left[\frac{f}{g} \right]' = \frac{\cos x + \tan x}{\tan^2 x} - \frac{\sin x \tan x}{\tan^2 x} - \frac{\sin x \sec^2 x}{\tan^2 x} - \frac{\cos x \sec^2 x}{\tan^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x}{\tan x} - \frac{\sin x}{\tan x} - \frac{\sin x}{\tan^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x} - \frac{\cos x}{\tan^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x \cdot \sin x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos^2 x \cdot \sin x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} - \frac{\cos^2 x \cdot \cos x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x}{\sin x} - \cos x - \frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$= \cot^2 x \cdot \cos x - \cos x - \csc x - \csc x \cdot \cot x$$